

United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Plant Materials Center Bismarck, North Dakota

# **BADLANDS Ecotype**Little Bluestem



Announcing the release of

# **BADLANDS** Ecotype

Little Bluestem
Schizachyrium scoparium

A little bluestem adapted to the Northern Great Plains

#### **Potential Uses**

Range Seeding

Prairie Restoration

Prairie Landscaping

# **Plant Description**

- Native warm-season bunchgrass
- ◆ Erect, medium height, 25-40 inches
- Deep, fibrous root system
- Basal portions of stems are flattened
- ♦ Leaves are slightly folded
- Leaves become reddish brown at maturity, red in fall/winter
- Mature seed heads become fluffy, white

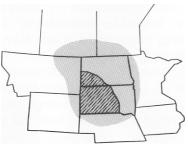


Flattened leaf sheath



Papery ligule

### **Proiected Area of Adaptation**



Collection area of Badlands ecotype (lined) and projected area of adaptation

#### **Badlands Ecotype Features**

- The source population is a composite of plants from 68 different sites, including the Badlands region of North Dakota and South Dakota
- A broad, genetic base with plants originating from many different range sites, but primarily shallow, thin upland, sandy, and silty
- Improved plant vigor, seed production, and disease resistance
- Variation in plant size, leaf width, and color
- Plant color varies form light to dark green with occasional blue plants
- Phenology may vary up to two weeks within the population
- First seed matures generally in late August at Bismarck, ND
- Approximately 4 weeks earlier in maturity compared to Blaze and Camper
- Original area of collections includes USDA Plant Hardiness Zones 2, 3, & 4

#### **Establishment**

- Seed from mid-May to mid-June
- Shallow seeding depth of .25 to .5 inches is critical
- Plant through fluffy seedbox with grass drill unless the seed is debearded
- Plant at a seeding rate of 25 to 30 pure live seeds (PLS) per ft<sup>2</sup> if planted alone (4.2 to 5.0 PLS lb/ac); generally little bluestem is one component of a range mix, so rate varies depending on percent desired in the stand
- Number of seedslpound averages 270,000; debearded seed will vary from this amount
- Accent plants for landscaping are generally spaced at 1 to 2 feet

#### **Manaaement**

- Proper grazing would include not removing more than half of the new growth during the growing season
- Quality declines with growth stage, dropping rapidly as the plant matures and sets seed
- Prescribed burning in late winter or spring will increase seed production and improve forage quality
- Without proper use or burning, little bluestem can form dead centers
- Plant crowns may suffer severe damage when burned during dry conditions

#### **Seed Production**

- Seed harvest can be accomplished by combining or stripping
- Because of the light, fluffy seed, air should be reduced or closed
- Variable seed maturity, even on the same plant, is common
- Seed strippers can be used after seeds have reached the "full-fluff" stage, but before heavy shattering occurs
- Annual seed yields can be extremely variable
- Clean seed yields at the Bismarck Plant Materials Center have averaged 100 to 200 lb/ac with irrigation and 42-inch row spacing

# Seed Availability

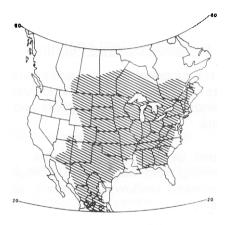
Seed unit

Generation 2 seed, equivalent to foundation seed, is available for seed increase from the USDA, NRCS Plant Materials Center, Bismarck, North Dakota. Certified seed is available from various commercial vendors. Contact your local USDA, NRCS Field Office or the Bismarck Plant Materials Center for a list of vendors.

# Origin

Selected plants comprising Badlands little bluestem originated from 68 different sites in southwestern North Dakota and western and central South Dakota. The diverse genetic plant material was collected vegetatively on 10 different range sites.

The climate within the collection area is temperate with temperature extremes being the normal. Winter temperatures of -40° F may occur. Killing frosts occur in late May. The average growing season varies from 120 to 140 days. Average annual precipitation varies from 12 to 23 inches. Elevation varied from 1,250 to **4,440** feet. The average slope was about 8 percent and ranged from flat to 30 percent.



Natural distribution of little bluestem

Natural distribution map and plant line drawings reproduced from *North American Range Plants*, third edition, by J. Stubbendieck, Stephan L. Hatch, and Kathie J. Hirsch by permission of the University of Nebraska Press. Copyright 1981, 1982, 1986 by J. Stubbendieck and Stephan L. Hatch.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in its programs on the basis of race, color, national origin. sex. religion. age. disability, political beliefs. and marital or familial status. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs). Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print. audiotape. etc.) should contact the USDA Office of Communications at (202) 120-2791

To file a complaint. write the Secretary of Agriculture. U.S., Department of Agriculture. Washington. O.C. 20250. or call 1-800-245-6340 (voice) or (202) 720-1127 (TDD). USDA is an equal employment opportunity employer.

